Digital Agricultural Extension Services: Policy Imperatives for Transforming Rural Farmer Advisory Systems in Nigeria

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PILAF BROWN BAG SERIES

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Presented by – DAMILOLA OLAJUBUTU

Founder & Executive Director,
Rural Nurture Initiative (RNI)

www.rnionline.org





Digital Agricultural Extension Services: Policy Imperative for Transforming Rural Farmer Advisory Systems in Nigeria.

Consortium Partners



For enquiries: +234 802 757 3322, info@pilafui.org



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THE FARMER'S VOICE

"I have 2 hectares of cassava but with these changing rains and unpredictable weather, I don't know when best to plant anymore. The extension agent came once last year, but he had no answers for climate change either."

— Nigerian Smallholder Farmer

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AGRICULTURAL CRISIS BY THE NUMBERS



INTERACTIVE POLL #1





WHY TRADITIONAL EXTENSION FAILS

Nigeria's agricultural diversity spans 6 distinct agroecological zones, yet our extension system operates with critical failures:

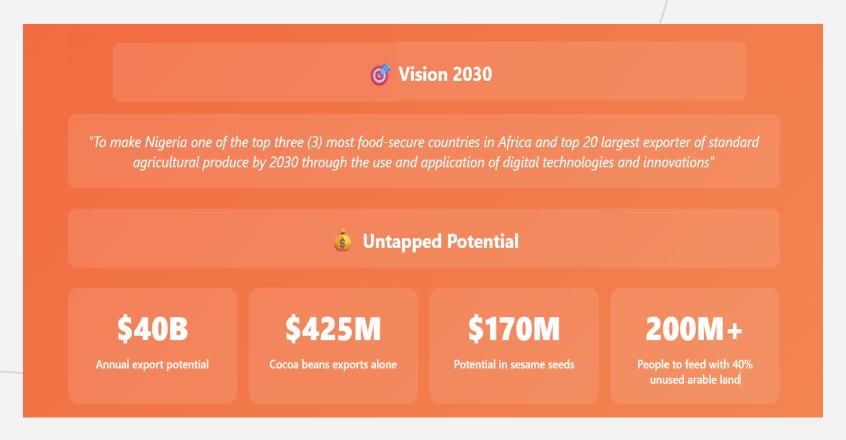
- **III** Geographic & Systemic Challenges
- Geographic barriers limiting agent mobility across vast rural areas
- One-size-fits-all approaches ignoring local conditions and crop varieties
- Poor linkages between research institutions, input suppliers, and farming communities
- Severe underfunding of advisory services (1.7% of national budget)

- **T** Capacity & Knowledge Gaps
- Over 80% of farmers are smallholders with limited literacy
- Advisory workers lack skills in digital innovation & climate-smart practices
- Youth migration reducing knowledge transfer and labor availability

The Root Problem: Complete misalignment between 21st-century agricultural challenges and 20th-century advisory systems

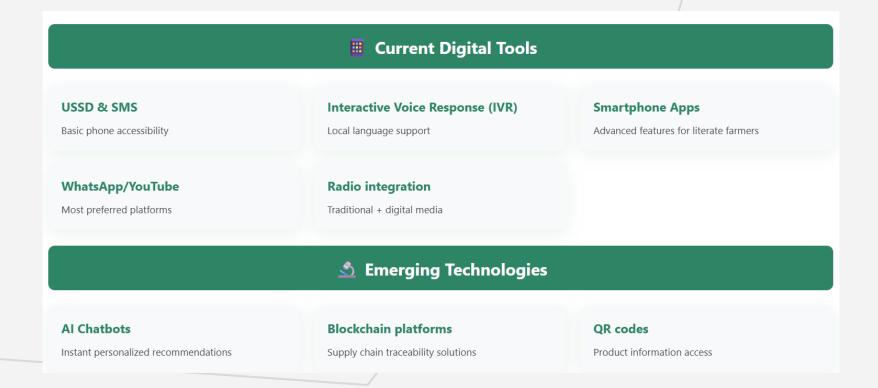
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THE OPPORTUNITY



Source: NITDA Draft Nigeria Digital Agriculture Strategy 2020

DIGITAL EXTENSION TOOLS LANDSCAPE



SUCCESS STORIES & CURRENT INITIATIVES



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SUCCESS STORIES & CURRENT INITIATIVES



Proven Pilot Programs

RiceAdvice application

Successfully tested in Jigawa State for rice production optimization

E-voucher systems (GESS)

Digital input distribution reducing transaction costs

NiMet-MTN partnership

Nigerian Meteorological Agency collaborating with MTN Nigeria for mobile weather services

TECHNOLOGY ADOPTION BARRIERS

/// Infrastructure Constraints

- Limited rural internet connectivity
- Inconsistent electricity supply
- High smartphone costs vs farmer income
- Data costs consuming household budgets

Social & Cultural Barriers

- Digital literacy gaps among farmers
- Gender disparities in technology access
- Language limitations (services ir English)
- Trust issues with digital services

Technical & Institutional

- Poor UI design for low-literacy users
- Lack of offline functionality
- Limited integration between services

Policy & Regulatory

- Data privacy concerns
- Regulatory uncertainty
- Lack of quality standards

AGROECOLOGICAL DIVERSITY CHALLENGE

Six Distinct Zones Requiring Localized Solutions

1. Sudan Savanna

Northern dry farming - millet, sorghum, livestock

2. Sahel Savanna

Semi-arid livestock integration pastoralism

3. Northern Guinea Savanna

Mixed crop-livestock - maize, rice,

4. Southern Guinea Savanna

5. Derived Savanna

Intensive crop - cassava, plantain,

6. Forest Zone

plantain

Zone-Specific Digital Content Strategy

Localized Advisory Content

conditions

Climate Adaptation Modules

Addressing weather pattern changes

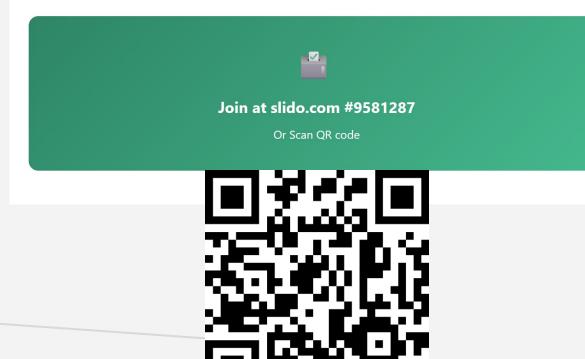
Multi-language Platforms

Hausa, Yoruba, Igbo, English

Cultural Integration

Implementation Approach: One-size-fits-all digital extension will fail - we need zone-specific solutions that respect local diversity

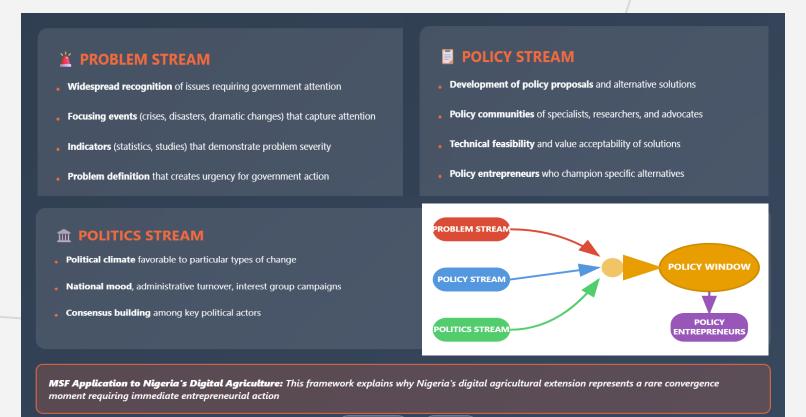
INTERACTIVE POLL #2



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THEORETICAL FOUNDATION: HOW POLICY CHANGE REALLY HAPPENS

Kingdon's Multiple Streams Framework (MSF) explains how policy change occurs when three independent streams converge to create policy window that policy entrepreneurs (advocates) can leverage:



NIGERIA'S POLICY FOUNDATION



Comprehensive Policy Evolution

Agricultural Transformation Agenda (ATA)

National Agricultural Extension Policy (NAEP)

Agriculture Promotion Policy (APP)

Economic Recovery and Growth Plan (ERGP)

National Digital Economy Policy (NDEPS)

National Agricultural Technology Policy (NATIP)

2022-2027

Current Challenge: Agriculture contributes 23% to GDP but receives only 1.7% of national budget

Policy Readiness: We have the frameworks - we need implementation activation and proper resource allocation

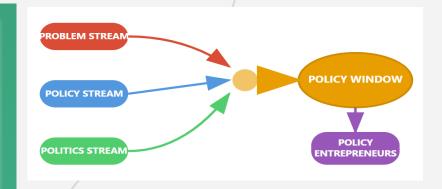
THE POLICY WINDOW: Why Now is the Critical Moment

PROBLEM STREAM: Crisis Recognition

- 33 million Nigerians facing food insecurity impossible to ignore
- #3.5 trillion annual losses creating economic urgency
- Climate change disrupting traditional farming systems
- Extension system failure widely acknowledged across sectors

POLICY STREAM: Solutions Ready

- NITDA Digital Agriculture Strategy comprehensively developed
- Proven technology platforms (Babban Gona, Hello Tractor, NEEP) demonstrating feasibility
- . Three-pillar framework providing clear implementation pathway



m POLITICS STREAM: Alignment Achieved

- Gates Foundation DAES partnership showing international confidence
- Multi-stakeholder consensus through NIFAAS working groups
- Continental leadership opportunity politically attractive

NEEP Evidence: The National Electronic Extension Platform launched in early 2025 demonstrates the policy window is already activating - government commitment is moving from strategy to implementation.

MSF ANALYSIS: THE COST OF INACTION

Problem Stream Evolution

- Crisis deepening daily: 33 million food insecure → potentially 50+ million without action
- Economic losses compounding: ₦3.5 trillion annually becomes permanent structural damage
- Climate impacts accelerating: Window for adaptation narrows with each farming season

Policy Stream Risk

- Solution readiness deteriorates: Technology platforms may pivot to other markets
- **Expertise migration:** Key technical professionals may relocate
- **Framework obsolescence:** Digital strategies become outdated without implementation

m Politics Stream Vulnerability

- Stakeholder alignment fragile: Current consensus requires maintenance through action
- Political attention shifting: New crises may crowd out agricultural priorities
- International partner patience: Development partners redirect resources

NITDA'S EIGHT-PILLAR STRATEGY

NITDA's Digital Agriculture Strategy (2020-2030)

1. Digital literacy programs

For farmers and rural communities

5. Mobile technology integration

For advisory services

2. AgTech innovation hubs

Technology development and testing

6. Public-private partnerships

Facilitation and coordination

3. Digital infrastructure

Prioritizing rural areas

7. Capacity building

Extension agents in digital tools

4. Data collection & analytics

Evidence-based decisions

8. Youth engagement

Digital agriculture entrepreneurship

THE THREE-PILLAR SOLUTION

PILLAR 1: Digital Infrastructure & Access

"Connecting Every Farmer to the Digital Economy"

National Broadband Expansion

Prioritizing rural areas and farming communities

5G Network Deployment

For IoT and precision agriculture

Solar-powered Digital Hubs

Charging stations and internet access

Satellite Internet Partnerships

For remote areas beyond terrestrial networks

PILLAR 2: Content Development & Capacity

"Localized Knowledge, Global Standards"

Zone-Specific Content

Advisory content for all six agroecological zones

Multi-language Platforms

Hausa, Yoruba, Igbo, English

Gender-responsive Content

Specifically designed for women farmers

Youth-oriented Programs

Entrepreneurship training and career pathways

THE THREE-PILLAR SOLUTION



PILLAR 3: Sustainability & Scale

"Building Systems That Last"

Public-Private Partnerships

Sustainable service delivery models

Data Monetization

Agricultural market intelligence services

Freemium Service Models

Basic access + premium revenue streams

Development Partner Coordination

Catalytic funding and technical assistance

INNOVATIVE FINANCING MECHANISMS



Beyond Traditional Government Funding

Impact Investment Partnerships

Development finance institutions providing patient capital for rural digital infrastructure

Freemium Models

Basic advisory access free, premiun services for subscription fees

Value Chain Financing

Advisory services linked to market access - farmers pay through improved sales

Blended Finance

Combining public and private investment mechanisms

Insurance Integration

Premium reductions for farmers using digital advisory services

Data Monetization

Agricultural market intelligence services for commodity traders and processors

Strategic Emphasis: Success requires moving beyond traditional government funding to innovative financing models that create sustainable, scalable solutions while ensuring universal basic access

GENDER & YOUTH FOCUS



Gender-Responsive Digital Extension

Addressing Gender Disparities

Gender disparities in technology access specifically addressed through targeted programs

Women-Specific Content

Delivery channels recognizing different information needs of

Financial Inclusion

Digital services designed specifically for women farmers

Leadership Development

Programs for women in agricultural technology leadership



Youth Engagement Strategy

AgTech Entrepreneurial Training

Startup development and

Digital Agriculture Careers

Pathway development and skills

Innovation Hubs

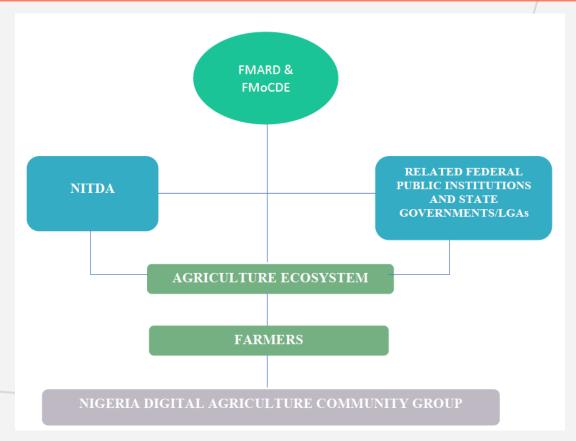
Youth-led agricultural technology solutions

Migration Reversal

Attractive agricultural technology

Youth as Change Agents: Digital natives who can bridge technology gaps, drive innovation, connect markets, and facilitate farmer-to-farmer learning through social media

GOVERNANCE ARCHITECTURE



Source: NITDA Draft Nigeria Digital Agriculture Strategy 2020

- FMARD (Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development) now FMAFS (Federal Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security - 2023)
- FMoCDE (Federal Ministry of Communications and Digital Economy)
- NITDA (National Information Technology Development Agency)

GOVERNANCE ARCHITECTURE



Leadership Coordination Model

Strategic Level

FMARD & FMoCDE: Joint oversight and policy direction

Inter-ministerial coordination: Whole-ofgovernment approach

Implementation Level

NITDA: Lead technical agency for digital agriculture coordination

State Governments/LGAs: Local implementation and adaptation

Ecosystem Level

Private sector: Technology providers and financial institutions

Farmers: End-user communities at center of decisions

Development partners: Catalytic funding and technical support



Operational Principles

Federal Leadership + State **Implementation**

Policy consistency + local adaptation

Public-Private Partnership Model

Government framework + private innovation

Farmer-Centered Approach

Communities drive all decisions

Community-Driven Feedback

Regular stakeholder engagement

Success Formula:

3 Pillars × Coordinated Leadership × Farmer-Centered Design = Transformation

IMPLEMENTATION ROADMAP

The Phase 1 (2025-2026): Policy Foundation

"Laying the Groundwork"

- Approve & fund National Digital Agriculture Strategy
- **Establish multi-stakeholder governance** structure
- Develop regulatory framework for digital extension
- Launch pilots in priority LGAs (per zone)
- Begin capacity building for digital agriculture champions

■ PHASE 2 (2026-2028): Scaling & Integration

"Building Momentum"

- Scale to 50% of Nigeria's 774 LGAs
- Register 5 million smallholder farmers
- Establish six agroecological zone digital centers
- Launch youth entrepreneurship programs
- Integrate with existing value chain systems

III PHASE 3 (2028-2030): Sustainability & Leadership

"Achieving Transformation"

Comprehensive digital advisory across all zones

Climate-resilient practices adopted by majority

Full financial sustainability achieved

Continental leadership in digital agriculture established

CURRENT POLICY MOMENTUM



CALL TO ACTION

Kingdon's Definition: Policy entrepreneurs are advocates willing to invest their resources—time, energy, reputation, and sometimes money—in the hope of a future return in the form of policies they favor

The Fundamental Question

Not whether we can afford to invest in digital agricultural transformation - but whether we can afford to waste this rare policy window opportunity



THREE STRATEGIC ACTIONS



PROBLEM STREAM MAINTENANCE

Commit to: Keep the agricultural extension crisis



SOLUTION STREAM ACTIVATION

Commit to: Champion the comprehensive digital agriculture solutions (three-pillar framework and



POLITICS STREAM COORDINATION

Commit to: Maintain and strengthen current

Q&A SESSION

DISCUSSION & QUESTIONS





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